The Enquire Learning Trust

26th February 2020



Dear parent/carer,

Re: Coronavirus concerns

You are likely aware of the outbreak of novel coronavirus and the subsequent confirmed cases in the UK. At The Enquire Learning Trust, we take the health and safety of our pupils and staff very seriously, so we are sharing <u>guidance</u> from Public Health England on steps you should be taking.

There is currently no cause for concern at any of our academies, but we will keep you informed about any developments and ensure we are keeping the school clean to prevent the spread of any virus.

Prevent the spread of infection

Make sure you and your children follow these general principles to prevent spreading any respiratory virus:

- ➤ Wash your hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds, or an alcohol-based sanitiser if soap and water aren't available
- > Avoid touching your eyes, nose, and mouth with unwashed hands
- Avoid close contact with people who are sick
- If you feel unwell, stay at home and don't attend work or school
- Cover your cough or sneeze with a tissue, then throw the tissue in a bin
- Clean and disinfect frequently touched objects and surfaces in the home
- ➤ If you are worried about your symptoms, please call NHS 111 do not go directly to your GP or other healthcare environment

If you or your children have returned from a category 1 country or area in past 14 days

This includes:

- > Wuhan city and Hubei province, China
- >Iran*
- Daegu or Cheongdo, South Korea*
- ➤ Any Italian town under containment measures* (see the map)



*Only if you have returned on or after 19 February 2020

Contact NHS 111 for advice, and:

- > Self-isolate for 14 days after leaving the country or area (see the home isolation advice sheet for help with this)
- ➤ If you become unwell, call NHS 111 immediately for an assessment (or 999 if you require emergency medical attention) – see below for the symptoms to look out for

If you or your children have returned from a category 2 country or area in last 14 days

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- > Cambodia
- ➤ China (other than Wuhan city or Hubei province)
- > Hong Kong
- > Italy: north* (see the map)
- > Japan
- **>**Laos
- > Macau
- > Malaysia
- > Myanmar
- Singapore
- South Korea (other than Daegu or Cheongdo)
- > Taiwan
- > Thailand
- Vietnam

*Only if you have returned on or after 19 February 2020

If you or your children are well:

- > You do not need to avoid contact with other people
- Your other family members do not need to take any precautions or make any changes to their own activities

If you become unwell (see below for a list of symptoms):

- > Stay indoors and avoid contact with other people as you would with other flu viruses (see the home isolation advice sheet for help with this)
- ➤ Call NHS 111 immediately for an assessment (or 999 if you require emergency medical attention)



Symptoms to look out for

If you have returned from any of the category 1 or 2 areas or countries, look out for the following symptoms:

- **>** Cough
- Difficulty in breathing
- > Fever (a temperature of 38 degrees C or higher)

According to other official guidance, while you wait for further advice:

- > Avoid contact with others
- ➤ Stay at home do not go to work or school
- > Do not travel while sick
- > Cover your mouth and nose with a tissue or your sleeve (not your hands) when coughing or sneezing, throwing tissues in the bin
- > Wash your hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds (or an alcohol-based sanitiser if soap and water aren't available)

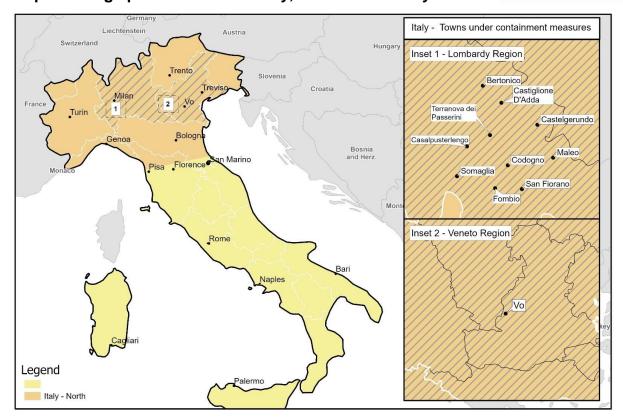
If you or your child have any further concerns or questions, please do not hesitate to contact the Office Staff at your school.

Kind Regards

Darren Holmes – Chief Executive Officer On behalf of The Enquire Learning Trust

the enquire learning trust

Map showing specified areas of Italy, as of 25 February 2020.



Yellow area - no special measures

Orange area – specified towns (see inset and listed below) are Category 1. Otherwise orange areas are

category 2.

The specified towns (see inset map) are in the regions of Lombardy and Veneto. In the Lombardy Region:

- Bertonico
- Casalpusterlengo
- Castelgerundo
- Castiglione D'Adda
- Codogno
- Fombio
- Maleo
- San Fiorano
- Somaglia
- Terranova dei Passerini

In the Veneto Region:

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Guidance Advice sheet – home isolation

Updated 31 January 2020

1. Stay at home

You or the person you are caring for should remain in your home, except for getting medical care (see sections 3 and 8 before getting medical care). Do not go to work, school, or public areas, and do not use public transport or taxis until you have been told that is safe to do so. You will need to ask for help if you require groceries, other shopping or medications. Alternatively, you can order by phone or online. The delivery instruction needs to state that the items are to be left outside, or in the porch, or as appropriate for your home.

2. Separate yourself from other people in your home*

You should stay in a well-ventilated room with a window to outside that can be opened, separate from other people in your home. Keep the door closed. Use a separate bathroom from the rest of the household, if available. If you have to share these facilities, regular cleaning will be required.

If a separate bathroom is not available, consideration should be given to drawing up a bathroom rota for washing or bathing, with the isolated person using the facilities last, before thoroughly cleaning the bathroom themselves (if able or appropriate*). Ensure the isolated person uses separate towels from other household members, both for drying themselves after bathing or showering and for hand hygiene purposes.

If you live in shared accommodation (university halls of residence or similar) with a communal kitchen, bathroom(s) and living area, you should stay in your room with the door closed, only coming out when necessary, wearing a facemask if one has been issued to you.

If you share a kitchen with others (such as university halls of residence or similar), if possible avoid using it whilst others are present. If this is not possible then wear a facemask if you have been issued with one. Take your meals back to your room to eat. Use a dishwasher (if available) to clean and dry your used crockery and cutlery. If this is not possible, wash them by hand using detergent and warm water and dry them thoroughly, using a separate tea towel.

If these recommendations cannot be implemented, then home isolation should be avoided.



3. Call ahead before visiting your doctor

All medical appointments should be discussed in advance with your designated medical contact, using the number that has been provided to you. This is so the surgery or hospital can take steps to minimise contact with others.

4. Wear a facemask if advised to

If you have been provided with facemasks, then you should wear the mask when you are in the same room with other people and when you visit a healthcare provider. If you cannot wear a facemask, the people who live with you should wear one while they are in the same room with you.

5. Cover your coughs and sneezes

Cover your mouth and nose with a disposable tissue when you cough or sneeze. Carers of others undergoing testing for 2019-nCoV infection should use disposable tissues to wipe away any mucus or phlegm after they have sneezed or coughed.

Dispose of tissues into a plastic waste bag (see note 10. below for managing rubbish), and immediately wash your hands with soap and water for at least 20 seconds rinse and dry thoroughly. Carers should wash their hands as well as helping the person they are caring for following coughing or sneezing

6. Wash your hands

Wash your hands or assist the person you are caring for in washing their hands. This should be done often and thoroughly with soap and water, for at least 20 seconds, rinse and dry thoroughly. The same applies to those caring for anyone that is being tested for SARS-CoV-2. Avoid touching your eyes, nose, and mouth with unwashed hands.

7. Avoid sharing household items

You should not share dishes, drinking glasses, cups, eating utensils, towels, bedding or other items with other people in your home when you have used them (or after your child or the person you are caring for has used them). After using these items, wash them thoroughly with soap and water; dishwashers may be used to clean crockery and cutlery.

Laundry, bedding and towels should be placed in a plastic bag and washed once it is known that the tests for SARS-CoV-2 are negative. If this is not possible and you need to wash the laundry see below for further advice on handling laundry.



8. Monitor your symptoms (or the person you are caring for, as appropriate)

Seek prompt medical attention if your illness is worsening, for example, if you have difficulty breathing, or if the person you are caring for symptoms are worsening. If it's not an emergency, you should call your designated medical contact point using the number that has been provided to you.

If it is an emergency and you need to call an ambulance, inform the call handler or operator that you are being tested for SARS-CoV-2 (or that you are caring for someone being tested for SARS-CoV-2, as appropriate).

9. Do not have visitors in your home

Only those who live in your home should be allowed to stay. Do not invite or allow visitors to enter. If you think there is an essential need for someone to visit, then discuss it with your designated medical contact first. If it urgent to speak to someone who is not a member of your household, do this over the phone.

10. Waste

All waste that has been in contact with the individual, including used tissues, and masks if used, should be put in a plastic rubbish bag and tied when full. The plastic bag should then be placed in a second bin bag and tied.

Do not dispose of it or put it out for collection until you know that patient does not have novel coronavirus. Should the individual test positive, you will be instructed what to do with the waste.